# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/787,149	02/27/2004	David Abusch-Magder	29250-002010/US	4613	
7590 09/08/2006			EXAMINER		
•	ICKEY & PIERCE, P.L	.C. •	GELIN, JEAN ALLAND		
P.O. Box 8910 Reston, VA 20195			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ŕ			2617	•	
			DATE MAILED: 09/08/2006	DATE MAILED: 09/08/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<del></del>					
Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/787,149	ABUSCH-MAGDER ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Jean A. Gelin	2617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 June 2006.						
_		s action is non-final.					
<i>,</i> —	,_						
٠,١	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims	-	30 0.0. 210.				
·							
	Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  Claim(s) 19-25 is/are allowed.						
	Claim(s) <u>1-6, 26-33</u> is/are rejected.						
	7) Claim(s) 7-18 is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachmen	t(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
	ate						
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5)  Notice of Informal P	аселс Аррисацов				

Art Unit: 2617

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This is in response to the Applicant's argument and amendments filed on June 26, 2006 in which claim 1 has been amended. Claims 1-33 are currently pending.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-6, and 26-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over De Cambray-Mathan (US 2003/0190917) in view of Crisler (US 5,179,559) further in view of Subramanian et al. (US 5,907,810).

Regarding claims 1, 26, 29, and 31, De Cambray-Mathan teaches a method of determining cells for deletion in a network design (i.e., evaluate cell for deletion, sections 57-58, 78), comprising: simulating operation of the network to generate statistics for each cell of a given group of cells (sections 59, 76, and 79); evaluating statistics of each cell based on a given ranking criteria (i.e., user can select a region to be evaluated and that region can be a new cell, section 57-59 and 76-79).

De Cambray-Mathan does not specifically teach ordering cells of the group by rank based on the evaluation.

However, ordering cells of the group by rank based on the evaluation is known in the art of communications. Crisler teaches cells are listed in a ranked order based on

Page 2

Art Unit: 2617

the received signal quality to arrange the cell having the best quality on top of the list (col. 6, lines 2-65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to implement the technique of Crisler within the system of De Cambray-Mathan in order that an available cell site which provides the best received signal quality is selected by the communication unit for handoff.

De Cambray-Mathan in view of Crisler does not specifically teach deleting the highest ranked cell from the network.

However, the preceding limitation is known in the art of communications.

Subramanian teaches cell C receives the highest paging traffic in the network, the zone which includes cell C is identified, the paging traffic is recalculated assuming cell C is being removed one zone at a time (i.e., the cell with the largest load is removed, col. 5, lines 4-27 and col. 6, lines 24-34). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to implement the technique of Subramanian within the system of De Cambray-Mathan in view of Crisler in order to provide a method for reducing the paging load in cellular communication by removing the cell receiving highest paging from a zone.

Regarding claims 2, 30, De Cambray-Mathan in view of Crisler further in view of Subramanian teaches all the limitations above. De Cambray-Mathan teaches wherein only a single simulation of the network is performed to determine cells for deletion (sections 57-59).

Regarding claims 3, 28, De Cambray-Mathan in view of Crisler further in view of Subramanian teaches all the limitations above. Subramanian teaches wherein said

Art Unit: 2617

simulating, evaluating, ordering and deleting are repeated until a desired number of N cells are deleted (col. 5, line 57 to col. 6, line 34).

Regarding claim 4, De Cambray-Mathan in view of Crisler further in view of Subramanian teaches all the limitations above. De Cambray-Mathan teaches wherein the network design is applicable to determining site selection of cells for an initial network deployment (sections 57-59).

Regarding claims 5, 32, De Cambray-Mathan in view of Crisler further in view of Subramanian teaches all the limitations above. De Cambray-Mathan teaches wherein the network design is applicable to determining cells for deletion as part of a network overlay or upgrade of an existing network (section 93).

Regarding claim 6, De Cambray-Mathan in view of Crisler further in view of Subramanian teaches all the limitations above. De Cambray-Mathan teaches wherein said generated statistics include statistics related to at least one of a number of soft handoff legs for each cell of the group, total active legs for each cell of the group, and total number of simplex and softer-handoff legs for each cell of the group (sections 63 and 81).

Regarding claim 27, De Cambray-Mathan in view of Crisler further in view of Subramanian teaches all the limitations above. Subramanian teaches collecting revised network statistics for each cell after deletion of the highest ranked cell from the network (information is stored prior to recalculate, col. 6, lines 24-40), and determining the influence that the deleted highest ranked cell has on the network based on the collected statistics (col. 6, lines 24-40).

Regarding claim 33, De Cambray-Mathan in view of Crisler further in view of Subramanian teaches all the limitations above. Subramanian teaches wherein the effects of inhomogeneity that are accounted for include non-uniform traffic distribution within the proposed network (col. 5, lines 4-26).

## Allowable Subject Matter

- 4. Claims 19-25 are allowed.
- 5. Claims 7-18 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

# Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-33 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

As per claims 1 and 26, the Applicant further argues that De Cambray-Mathan in view of Subramanian fail to teach deleting the highest ranked cell. However, the Examiner disagrees with the preceding arguments. Subramanian teaches removing the cell having the highest load in the group (typically cells are evaluated to select the one having the highest load). The Examiner maintains that removing the cell having the highest load in the group is equivalent to deleting highest rank cells from the network. Therefore, the rejection is maintained and is made final.

The Applicant further argues that claims 2-6 and 27-33 are patentable for depending on respective allowable base claims. However, the rejection of claims 1 and

Art Unit: 2617

26 is maintained. Therefore, claims 2-6 and 27-33 are not allowable for depending on claims 1 and 26.

#### Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jean A. Gelin whose telephone number is (571) 272-7842. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 AM to 7:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nick Corsaro can be reached on (571) 272-7876. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2617

Page 7

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JGelin

September 6, 2006

JEAN GELIN PRIMARY EXAMINER

Jean Gelin